Travel to the Murray Region

Year ended December 2020 Quarterly Tracking of Selected Measures



Image Credit: Destination NSW



DOMESTIC TRAVEL TO MURRAY REGION

January 2020 to December 2020

and change on January 2019 to December 2019

Domestic overnight travel			Т	Total domestic travel		
	1.6 million	- 50.2%		3.8 million	-43.2%	
إكتكر	5.3 million	- 45.6%	اسط	5.3 million	- 45.6%	
	\$766 million	-47.9%		\$1.1 billion	- 44.0%	
Domestic daytrip travel						
	2.2 million	-36.7%				
	\$342 million	-32.7%				



visitthemurray.com.au

Sources: National Visitor Survey (NVS) and Tourism Research Australia's (TRA) expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data, YE Dec 20, TRA. Total domestic travel is the sum of domestic overnight travel and domestic daytrip travel.



Visitors and nights



The Murray region received over 1.6 million overnight visitors - down by 50.2% on YE Dec 19. Visitors spent over 5.3 million nights in the region - down by 45.6% on YE Dec 19.

Expenditure (2)

Overnight visitors spent \$766 million in the Murray region - down by 47.9% on YE Dec 19. On average, visitors spent \$144 per night - down by 4.2% on YE Dec 19.

(2) Source: TRA's expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data for YE Dec 20.

Market share

The overnight sector represented 42.1% all domestic visitors to the Murray region - down by 5.9% pts on YE Dec 19. The overnight sector contributed 69.1% of total domestic spend in the region – down by 5.2% pts on YE Dec 19.

The Murray region received 5.4% of visitors and 5.2% of nights in the combined area of regional Victoria and regional NSW. Compared to YE Dec 19, the share of visitors was down by 1.7% pts and the share of nights was down by 1.8% pts.



Average annual growth - YE Dec 16 to YE Dec 20

Over the period YE Dec 16 to YE Dec 20, the Murray region had an average annual decline of -11.2% in **visitors**. The region had a larger decline than regional Victoria, regional NSW and Australia.

The Murray region had an average annual decline of -7.7% in **nights** over the period. The region had a larger decline than regional Victoria, regional NSW and Australia.

Overnight travel





'Holiday' (41.2%) was the largest purpose for **visitors** to the Murray region. 'Visiting friends and relatives (VFR)' (30.8%) was the 2^{nd} largest purpose, followed by 'business' (20.8%). Compared to YE Dec 19, 'business' increased by 4.1% pts whilst 'VFR' decreased by 5.9% pts.

'Holiday' (41.7%) was the largest purpose in terms of **nights** in the Murray region. 'VFR' (33.4%) was the 2nd largest purpose, followed by 'business' (15.5%). Compared to YE Dec 19, 'other reasons' increased by 5.8% pts whilst 'holiday' decreased by 2.2% pts.

Origin



The Murray region received 70.4% of visitors and 72.7% of nights from **Victoria**. Compared to YE Dec 19, Victorian visitors were down by 46.8% and nights were down by 35.7%.

NSW contributed 22.2% of visitors and 20.4% of nights in the region. Compared to YE Dec 19, NSW visitors were down by 47.9% and nights were down by 39.9%.

South Australia contributed 3.5% of visitors and 2.1% of nights in the region. Compared to YE Dec 19, visitors from South Australia were down by 69.3%.

Month returned from trip

January (22.2%) was the most popular month for visitors to return from their trip to the Murray region. February (12.0%) was the 2nd most popular month to return from the trip, followed by March (11.2%). Note: these three months were not affected by Covid-19 travel restrictions.

The Murray region includes: Mildura / Wentworth region, Swan Hill region, Echuca / Moama region, Sun Country region, and Albury / Wodonga region.



Overnight travel (cont)



'Friends or relatives property' (39.5%) was the most popular accommodation type used for **nights** in the Murray region. Compared to YE Dec 19, 'friends or relatives property' increased by 5.3% pts whilst 'standard hotel or motor inn, below 4 star' decreased by 2.7% pts.

Length of stay

Visitors stayed, on average, 3.3 nights in the Murray region – up by 0.3 nights on YE Dec 19.

Activities

'Eat out, dine at a restaurant or cafe' (44.0%) was the most popular activity undertaken by visitors to the Murray region. 'Visit friends and relatives' (32.6%) was the 2^{nd} most popular activity undertaken, followed by 'pubs, clubs, discos etc' (22.6%).

All transport

'Private vehicle or company car' (93.2%) was the most popular transport used by visitors to the Murray region. 'Railway' (2.2%) was the 2nd most popular transport used, followed by 'aircraft' (1.5%).

Travel party



^{&#}x27;Alone' (31.5%) was the most common travel party description of visitors to the Murray region. 'Adult couple' (26.9%) was the 2nd most common travel party description.

Number of stopovers on trip

Nearly $\frac{3}{4}$ (71.6%) visitors to the Murray region had one stopover only on the trip. Nearly $\frac{1}{10}$ (8.7%) had two stopovers on the trip.



'55 to 64 years' (21.8%) was the biggest age group of visitors to the Murray region. '45 to 54 years' (19.8%) was the 2^{nd} biggest age group, followed by '65 years and over' (19.2%).

Gender

More visitors to the Murray region were male (56.1%) than female (43.9%).

Lifecycle

'Parent with youngest child aged under 15' (20.9%) was the largest lifecycle group of visitors to the Murray region. 'Older non-working' (19.9%) was the 2^{nd} largest lifecycle group, followed by 'older working' (19.9%).

Marital status

More visitors to the Murray region were married or part of a couple (70.4%) than single (29.5%).

Employment



'Working full time' (56.4%) was the most common employment status of visitors to the Murray region. 'Retired' (18.6%) was the 2^{nd} most common employment status, followed by 'working part time' (16.2%).

Annual household income

The average annual household income was \$122,605 amongst visitors to the Murray region. Nearly 3/10(28.6%) of visitors had an annual household income of '\$150,000+'. Note: nearly $\frac{1}{4}(22.6\%)$ did not provide an income.

Note: Percentage change figures provided in this report do not necessarily represent statistically significant change.





The Murray region received over 2.2 million daytrip visitors - down by 36.7% on YE Dec 19.

Expenditure (2)

Daytrip visitors spent \$342 million in the Murray region - down by 32.7% on YE Dec 19. On average, visitors spent \$155 per trip - up by 6.3% on YE Dec 19.

(2) Source: TRA's expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data for YE Dec 20.

Market share

The daytrip sector represented 57.9% all domestic visitors to the Murray region - up by 5.9% pts on YE Dec 19. The daytrip sector contributed 30.9% of total domestic spend in the region - up by 5.2% pts on YE Dec 19.

The Murray region received 4.1% of daytrips to the combined area of regional Victoria and regional NSW. Compared to YE Dec 19, the share was up by 0.2% pts.



Average annual growth - YE Dec 16 to YE Dec 20

Daytrips

Over the period YE Dec 16 to YE Dec 20, the Murray region had an average annual decline of -4.3% in daytrips. The region had a smaller decline than regional Victoria, but larger than regional NSW and Australia.

Main purpose of trip

'Holiday' (34.5%) was the largest purpose for visitors to the Murray region. 'Business' (25.7%) was the 2nd largest purpose, followed by 'visiting friends and relatives (VFR)' (18.5%). Compared to YE Dec 19, 'business' grew by 9.6% pts whilst 'holiday' fell by 10.8% pts.





'Eat out, dine at a restaurant or cafe' (32.5%) was the most popular activity undertaken by visitors to the Murray region.

Transport

'Private vehicle or company car' (98.2%) was the most popular transport used by visitors to the Murray region. 'Bus or coach' (0.8%) was the 2^{nd} most popular transport used, followed by 'rental car' (0.6%).

Age

'65 years and over' (27.2%) was the biggest age group of visitors to the Murray region. '55 to 64 years' (18.5%) was the 2^{nd} biggest age group, followed by '25 to 34 years' (16.1%).

Gender

More visitors to the Murray region were male (55.9%) than female (44.1%).

Month travelled

December (13.2%) was the most popular month for a daytrip to the Murray region. January (12.3%) was the 2^{nd} most popular month to travel, followed by September (10.5%).

Total domestic travel

Visitors, nights and spend

Domestic visitors (million)	YE Dec 16	YE Dec 17	YE Dec 18	YE Dec 19	YE Dec 20	Change on last year		
Overnight visitors	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.2	1.6	-50.2%		
Daytrip visitors	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.5	2.2	-36.7%		
Total domestic visitors	5.2	5.9	6.2	6.7	3.8	-43.2%		
Domestic nights (million)								
Total domestic nights	7.3	7.9	8.6	9.8	5.3	-45.6%		
Domestic spend (\$ million)	Domestic spend (\$ million)							
Overnight spend (2)	\$997	\$1,142	\$1,326	\$1,470	\$766	-47.9%		
Daytrip spend ⁽²⁾	\$352	\$398	\$471	\$509	\$342	-32.7%		
Total domestic spend (2)	\$1,349	\$1,539	\$1,797	\$1,978	\$1,108	-44.0%		

The Murray region received over 3.8 million domestic visitors - down by 43.2% on YE Dec 19. Visitors spent over 5.3 million nights in the region - down by 45.6% on YE Dec 19. In total, domestic visitors spent over \$1.1 billion on travel to the Murray region - down by 44.0% on YE Dec 19.

(2) Source: TRA's expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data for YE Dec 20.

Note: Percentage change figures provided in this report do not necessarily represent statistically significant change.

DOMESTIC TRAVEL TO ALBURY / WODONGA

January 2020 to December 2020

and change on January 2019 to December 2019

Domestic overnight travel			Total domestic travel			9	
	353 thousand	↓	-60.6%		1.1 million	¥	-45.4%
یسا	1.1 million	V	-46.4%	<u>ا</u>	1.1 million	¥	-46.4%
	\$192 million	V	-54.4%	(#)	\$365 million	V	-43.7%
Domestic daytrip travel							
	769 thousand	¥	-33.6%				

July -23.9%



visitthemurray.com.au

Sources: National Visitor Survey (NVS) and Tourism Research Australia's (TRA) expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data, YE Dec 20, TRA. Total domestic travel is the sum of domestic overnight travel and domestic daytrip travel.

\$173 million

DOMESTIC TRAVEL TO SUN COUNTRY

January 2020 to December 2020

and change on January 2019 to December 2019

Domestic overnight travel				Total domestic travel			
	353 thousand	-46.9%	1		696 thousand	48.7%	
إكسرا	1.1 million	- 51.3%		<u>گ</u> سا	1.1 million	- 51.3%	
	\$137 million	\ -54.5%			\$164 million	- 55.7%	
D	omestic daytrip	travel					
	343 thousand	♦ -50.3%					
	\$27 million	•60.8%					



visitthemurray.com.au

Sources: National Visitor Survey (NVS) and Tourism Research Australia's (TRA) expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data, YE Dec 20, TRA. Total domestic travel is the sum of domestic overnight travel and domestic daytrip travel.

DOMESTIC TRAVEL TO ECHUCA / MOAMA January 2020 to December 2020

and change on January 2019 to December 2019

Domestic overnight travel				Total domestic travel			
	424 thousand	-46.4%		1.1 million	-33.2%		
<u>ا</u>	1.5 million	-36.4 %	الس اغ	1.5 million	-36.4 %		
	\$219 million	↓ -35.2%		\$290 million	-30.0%		
Domestic daytrip travel							

-7.3%



visitthemurray.com.au

Sources: National Visitor Survey (NVS) and Tourism Research Australia's (TRA) expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data, YE Dec 20, TRA. Total domestic travel is the sum of domestic overnight travel and domestic daytrip travel.

627 thousand 🤳 -19.9%

\$71 million

\$

DOMESTIC TRAVEL TO SWAN HILL REGION

January 2020 to December 2020

and change on January 2019 to December 2019

Domestic overnight travel				Total domestic travel			
	273 thousand	-34.1%		524 thousand	- 44.6%		
ا	735 thousand		ا دی	735 thousand	-23.3%		
	\$99 million	- 15.9%		\$126 million	- 41.4%		
Dc	omestic daytrip	travel					
	251 thousand	- 52.7%					
(H)	np	np					



visitthemurray.com.au

Sources: National Visitor Survey (NVS) and Tourism Research Australia's (TRA) expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data, YE Dec 20, TRA. Total domestic travel is the sum of domestic overnight travel and domestic daytrip travel.

DOMESTIC TRAVEL TO MILDURA / WENTWORTH

January 2020 to December 2020

and change on January 2019 to December 2019

Domestic overnight travel				Total domestic travel			
	261 thousand	↓ -55.0%			481 thousand	-47 .1%	
<u>ا</u>	840 thousand	- 58.9%		إعسا	840 thousand	- 58.9%	
*	\$119 million	♦ -59.2%			\$163 million	↓ -50.5%	
D	omestic daytrip	travel					
	220 thousand	♦ -33.2%	-				

np



visitthemurray.com.au

Sources: National Visitor Survey (NVS) and Tourism Research Australia's (TRA) expenditure allocation method applied to NVS data, YE Dec 20, TRA. Total domestic travel is the sum of domestic overnight travel and domestic daytrip travel.

np

\$